



A problem

- I believe people could more frequently use co-operatives to fulfill their needs & aspirations
- 2. people need to know about co-operatives in order to be able to decide where and how to use them
- 3. higher education has become an increasingly important way to know about the world
- 4. most people who access higher education will not learn about co-operatives during their studies
- I have an obligation to do what an academic can do: understand, propose ideas, act







Previous studies

- Lan 2005
- MacPherson 2007
- Sousa 2010
- Amendah & Clamp 2014 (U.S.)
- Miner 2014
- Hancock & Brault 2016
- my question: student numbers, regardless of discipline, program, or methodology









Understanding co-ops & H.E.

- my perspective is as practitioner of education and theorist of organizations
- individuals can act; their innovations can gain ground to the extent they gain traction in existing institutions, to change those institutions
- we need to understand the institutional field of higher education:
 - theory
 - data







Theory/Hypotheses

Strategies by co-ops:

Strategies by faculty:

individual networking IF-1 faculty resources incentives IF-2 fee for service institutionalised IF-3 "for-free"









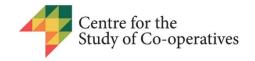
Data

- very simple survey of CASC members and selected ACE members (with request to forward and reminders)
- purpose: to promote discussion
- February-March 2016
- responses covering:
 - 28 individuals (CASC/Canada)
 - 8 individuals (ACE/U.S.)
 - 1 international









21 Institutions

UBC

SFU

Mt Royal

U of S

U of W

U of M

OISE - U of T

York

HEC

Sherbrooke

Cape Breton

UNB

Mt St Vincent

St Mary's

Idaho

Mass.-

Amherst

Evergreen-

Pinchot

Iowa State

Greenfield

Wis.-Madison

Missouri







Data

- 26 (Canada), 7 (US) regularly teach a substantial course component (or more) about co-ops
- total students:

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1,060 u/g, 330 grad per year (Canada) 370 u/g, 31 grad per year (US)
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 in Canada, u/g heavily concentrated at U of S (253), Mt Royal (220?) followed by York (140), SFU, U of W, OISE, U of M grad: Sherbrooke, HEC, St Mary's









Approaches & concentrations

- types of co-ops covered roughly equally (Canada: ag 18, CUs 16, retail 15, worker 15, housing 12, multistakeholder 12)
- topics: principles 22, governance 19, social economy 17, management 15, development 15
- aspects/disciplines: history 14, sociology 10, economics 8
- most involve practitioners
- materials used: highly variable!







Concluding questions

- data incomplete: worth doing more?
- exposure of students to co-ops seems to be low: is this accurate?
- educational experiences are scattered: reflects interests of individual faculty members?
- students appear to be concentrated where resources are institutionalised: does this bear out the hypothesis?
- materials vary: worth sharing recommendations?





